

Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics (Linear) – 1MA0

3D PYTHAGORAS

Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.
Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers

Nil

**Instructions**

Use black ink or ball-point pen.

Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.

Answer all questions.

Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more space than you need.

Calculators may be used.

Information

The marks for each question are shown in brackets – use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on **each** question.

Questions labelled with an **asterisk** (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed – you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.

Keep an eye on the time.

Try to answer every question.

Check your answers if you have time at the end.

1.

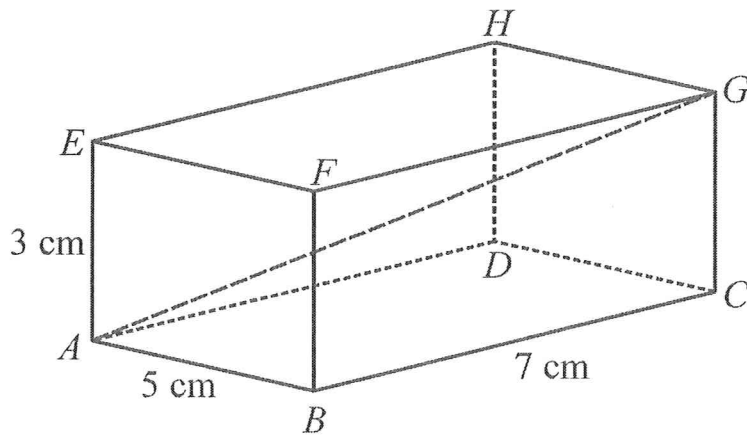


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

The diagram represents a cuboid $ABCDEFGH$.

$$AB = 5 \text{ cm.}$$

$$BC = 7 \text{ cm.}$$

$$AE = 3 \text{ cm.}$$

Calculate the length of AG .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} AG^2 &= 5^2 + 7^2 + 3^2 \\ &= 25 + 49 + 9 \\ &= 83 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} AG &= \sqrt{83} \\ &= 9.110433579 \\ &= 9.11 \text{ (3 sf)} \end{aligned}$$

..... 9.11 cm

(3)

2. A cuboid has length 3 cm, width 4 cm and height 12 cm.

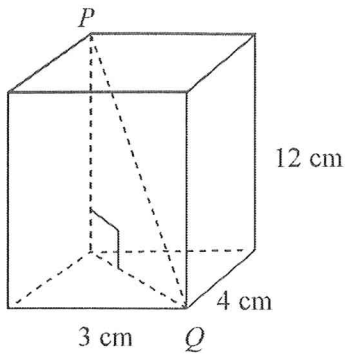


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

Work out the length of PQ .

$$\begin{aligned}PQ^2 &= 3^2 + 4^2 + 12^2 \\ &= 9 + 16 + 144 \\ &= 169\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}PQ &= \sqrt{169} \\ &= 13\end{aligned}$$

13

..... cm
(Total 3 marks)

3. The diagram shows a pyramid. The apex of the pyramid is V .
Each of the sloping edges is of length 6 cm.

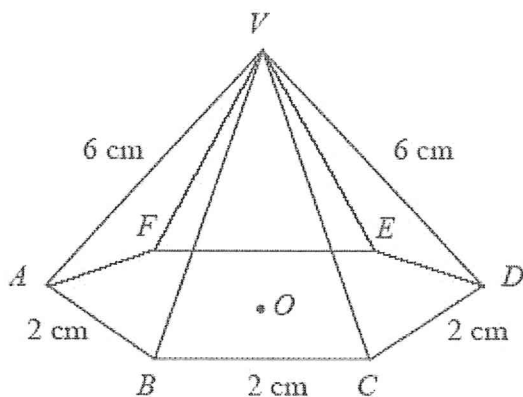


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

The base of the pyramid is a regular hexagon with sides of length 2 cm.
 O is the centre of the base.

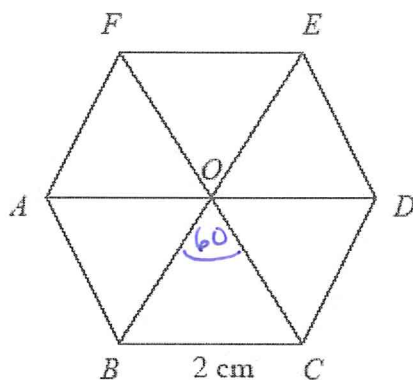
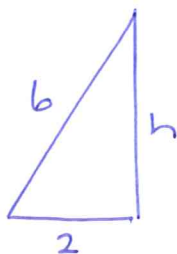


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

Triangles are equilateral.
All sides = 2 cm

Calculate the height of V above the base of the pyramid.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



$$\begin{aligned} h^2 &= 6^2 - 2^2 \\ &= 36 - 4 \\ &= 32 \end{aligned}$$

$$h = \sqrt{32} = 5.656854 = 5.66 \text{ (3sf)}$$

.....5.66.....cm

(3)